WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	3
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	4
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET	5
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	6
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND	7
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE	
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	8
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	9
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND	21



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Wyndham Hill Metropolitan District No. 2 Frederick, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Wyndham Hill Metropolitan District No. 2, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Board of Directors Wyndham Hill Metropolitan District No. 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Wyndham Hill Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado April 24, 2019

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 43,277
Accounts Receivable	2,248
Property Taxes Receivable	1,337,415
Due from Other Governments	5,656
Prepaid Expenses	3,428
Total Assets	1,392,024
LIABILITIES	
Due Within the Year:	
Accrued Interest and Non-Use Fees	285,415
Limited Tax Obligation Notes	207,238
Due in More Than One Year	,
Limited Tax Obligation Notes	21,638,657
Subordinate Limited Tax Revenue Notes	2,078,512
Total Liabilities	24,209,822
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	1,337,415
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,337,415
NET POSITION	
Restricted for TABOR	10,412
Unrestricted	(24,165,625)
Total Net Position	\$ (24,155,213)
Total Not Footborn	Ψ (ΔΨ, 100,Δ10)

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenue Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$ 5,849,713 1,380,227 \$ 7,229,940	\$ - - \$ -	\$ (5,849,713) (1,380,227) (7,229,940)
	General Revenue Property Taxes Specific Owners Royalties Net Investment I Total Gene	hip Taxes	962,440 73,717 306 6,792 1,043,255
	Change in Net Po	sition	(6,186,685)
	Net Position - Begi	inning of Year	(17,968,528)
	Net Position - En	d of Year	\$ (24,155,213)

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General Fund
ASSETS	 T dild
Cash and Investments	\$ 43,277
Accounts Receivable	2,248
Property Tax Receivable	1,337,415
Due from Other Governments	5,656
Prepaid Items	 3,428
Total Assets	\$ 1,392,024
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	 1,337,415
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,337,415
FUND BALANCE	
Nonspendable	3,428
Restricted for:	
TABOR	10,412
Debt Service	 40,769
Total Fund Balance	 54,609
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 1,392,024

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund \$ 54,609

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Some liabilities are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balance sheet.

Limited Tax Obligation Notes (21,845,895)
Subordinate Limited Tax Revenue Notes (2,078,512)
Accrued Interest and Non-Use Fees (285,415)
(24,209,822)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (24,155,213)

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General
		Fund
REVENUES	•	000 440
Property Tax Income	\$	962,440
Specific Ownership Taxes		73,717
Royalties		306
Net Investment Income		6,792
Total Revenues		1,043,255
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Audit		9,500
Treasurer's Fee		14,443
Insurance		3,384
Miscellaneous		365
Intergovernmental Payment to District No. 1		5,822,021
Debt Service:		
Principal		301,105
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,088,971
Loan Origination Fees		167,049
Non-use Fees		4,289
Custodial Fees		4,500
Total Expenditures		7,415,627
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		(6,372,372)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Proceeds from Debt Instrument		6,208,441
Total Other Financing Sources		6,208,441
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		(163,931)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		218,540
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	54,609

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund

\$ (163,931)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental fund, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Proceeds from Debt Instrument (6,208,441)
Payment of Principal 301,105

A decrease in accrued interest and non-use fees does not have any impact on governmental fund expenditures. This transaction, however, does decrease the amount of interest expense and non-use fees on the statement of activities.

Accrued Interest and Non-Use Fees (115,418)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$\((6,186,685)\)

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Wyndham Hill Metropolitan District No. 2 (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in Weld County on May 26, 2004, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Consolidated Service Plan with Wyndham Hill Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1) and Wyndham Hill Metropolitan District No. 3 (District No. 3) approved by the Town of Frederick on February 13, 2004 as amended on August 11, 2005, October 12, 2006, and February 14, 2008. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District and District No. 3, the financing districts, are intended to provide funding to District No. 1, the operating district, for construction, operation and maintenance of the public improvements, while District No. 1 is intended to manage the financial, construction and operation and maintenance of such improvements.

The District was established to provide financing for the design, acquisition, construction, and completion of public improvements, including streets, traffic and safety controls and devices, transportation services, park and recreation, water, mosquito and pest control and sanitation facilities, generally located in the collector roadway system, services and programs. District No. 1 contracts with the Wyndham Hill Master Association, Inc. for the maintenance of park and recreation facilities including a District No. 1 operated pool and community building. The operation and maintenance of all other services and facilities is anticipated to be provided by other entities and not by the District.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including District No. 1, District No. 3 and the Town of Frederick.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial resources of the District. The difference between the assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Increases in bonds payable are recorded as an increase in liabilities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major revenue source susceptible to accrual is property taxes. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. During fiscal year 2018, the Board of Directors approved a supplemental appropriation of \$6,280,696.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal instalments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally, sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Fund Balance and Net Position

Net position is reported in the governmental activities and is classified as restricted or unrestricted. Restrictions of net position represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted. As of December 31, 2018, fund balances of governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not spendable in form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, prepaid amounts.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District in its budget process. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents the residual classification for the District's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted Fund Balance

Emergency Reserves have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. In compliance with this requirement, \$10,412 of the General Fund balance has been restricted.

Nonspendable fund balance of \$3,428 is equal to the amount of prepaid insurance for the District that will benefit a future period.

The remaining fund balance of the District of \$40,769 is restricted to meet contractual commitments under debt obligations (see Note 4) and intergovernmental agreements (see Notes 5 and 6).

The District's order of fund balance spending policy is to apply expenditures against restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance. The District reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018 consist of the following:

Cash Deposits	\$ 32,483
Investments	 10,794
Total Cash	\$ 43,277

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2018, the District's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$32,483.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, it follows state statutes regarding investments. The District also follows investment policies in bond or note agreements when those agreements are more restrictive than state statutes. The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk; minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party. Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and World Bank securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds*
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools
- Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- Certain corporate bonds
- Certain securities lending agreements

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less depending on the specific investment held unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements. Revenue bonds of U.S. local government, corporate and bank securities and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds are limited to maturities of three years or less.

As of December 31, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amo	rtized Cost
*Money Market Fund - Fidelity Treasury	Less than One Year	\$	10,794

As of December 31, 2018, the District had \$10,794 invested in Fidelity Treasury Money Market Funds. The investment is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and is valued at amortized cost because the investment instruments within the accounts are money market funds which are valued at amortized cost. Based on the valuation method, additional disclosures are not required under GASB Statement No. 72.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District's long-term obligations consist of the following for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Balance at January 1, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2018	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Limited					
Tax Bonds - Series 2015	\$ 8,230,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,230,000	\$ -
General Obligation Limited					
Tax Notes - Series 2016	9,787,071	4,129,929	301,105	13,615,895	207,238
Subordinate Limited Tax					
Revenue Notes - Series 2018B		2,078,512		2,078,512	
Total Long-Term					
Obligations	\$ 18,017,071	\$6,208,441	\$ 301,105	\$ 23,924,407	\$207,238

Series 2015 Bonds

The District issued the 2015 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds on May 1, 2015, in the amount of \$8,230,000. The proceeds of such debt was used for issuance costs and to repay the developer advances incurred by District No. 1 to fund the cost of public infrastructure improvements. Bond interest is payable annually on December 15, with the principal due at maturity on December 15, 2054. The interest rate is 8.5% and interest is computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. The District incurred \$691,777 in interest expense on the 2015 Bonds during the year ended December 31, 2018.

The 2015 Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable from Subordinate Pledged Revenue, which includes the residual property taxes derived from the Required Mill Levy, net of the cost of collection, specific ownership taxes allocable to the Required Mill Levy, Development Fees and any other legally available moneys of the District after payment of senior debt obligations. The Required Mill Levy is defined in the Trust Indenture as a mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year.

The following summarizes the debt services requirements to maturity for the bonds:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal In		Interest		Total
2019	\$	_	\$	699,550	\$	699,550	
2020		-		699,550		699,550	
2021		-		699,550		699,550	
2022		-		699,550		699,550	
2023		-		699,550		699,550	
2024-2028		-		3,497,750		3,497,750	
2029-2033		-		3,497,750		3,497,750	
2034-2038		-		3,497,750		3,497,750	
2039-2043		_		3,497,750		3,497,750	
2044-2048		-		3,497,750		3,497,750	
2049-2053		_		3,497,750		3,497,750	
2054		8,230,000		668,459		8,898,459	
Total	\$	8,230,000	\$	25,152,709	\$	33,382,709	

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2016 Note

The District issued the 2016A Limited Tax Obligation Note on June 10, 2016 for an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 with the ability to draw on the Note through June 10, 2019. On August 18, 2016, the District executed a second agreement, 2016B Limited Tax Obligation Note, under the same terms as 2016A for an amount not to exceed \$4,000,000. The proceeds of such debt were used to refund all of the amounts due on the District's General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2005; refunding of certain amounts on District No. 1's advances received from Developer; refunding of certain amounts due on District No. 1's outstanding Subordinate Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2005A; refunding of certain amounts due on the District's outstanding Subordinate Limited Tax Obligation Note, Series 2015; and the payment of costs of issuance of the 2016 Note. The District does not have optional prepayment of principal through the second anniversary of the date of the Note. A prepayment fee of 1% will be added to the principal balance if prepayment occurs after the second anniversary date but before the third anniversary date. No prepayment fee is incurred if prepayment occurs after the third anniversary date and before the fifth anniversary date of the Note. On May 25, 2021, and each five year anniversary until the maturity date, the interest rate will reset to the Bank Qualified Tax-Exempt Rate on the reset date. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The District is subject to non-use fees in the amount of 0.25% of the unfunded portion of the maximum advance amount computed on the basis of a 360-day year and actual days elapsed beginning on the commencement date of the Initial Advance stated below. The District incurred \$3,460 in non-use fees on the unfunded balance as of December 31, 2018.

Each advance is subject to the terms as noted above. Below is a summary of each draw made through December 31, 2018:

	Original Amount	Outstanding Principal	Principal Paid in 2018	Interest Incurred in 2018	Date of Advance	Effective Interest Rate
2016A						
Initial Advance	\$ 6,795,744	\$ 6,614,907	\$ 123,683	\$ 258,549	June 10, 2016	3.790%
Second Advance	1,067,178	1,038,783	19,423	39,370	September 1, 2016	3.675%
Third Advance	224,534	222,650	-	9,499	January 25, 2017	4.208%
Fourth Advance	1,110,515	1,101,177	-	43,877	June 1, 2017	3.930%
Fifth Advance	672,100	666,448	-	27,467	October 19, 2017	4.065%
Sixth Advance	129,929		129,929	4,444	March 1, 2018	4.478%
2016A Total	10,000,000	9,643,965	273,035	383,206		
2016B						
Initial Advance	2,585,726	2,585,726	-	92,309	March 19, 2018	4.478%
Second Advance	1,148,582	1,120,512	28,070	28,778	June 19, 2018	4.643%
Third Advance	265,692	265,692		450	December 18, 2018	4.695%
2016B Total	4,000,000	3,971,930	28,070	121,537		
Total	\$ 14,000,000	\$ 13,615,895	\$ 301,105	\$ 504,743		

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following summarizes the debt services requirements to maturity for the 2016 Notes:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 207,238	\$ 556,528	\$ 763,766
2020	300,342	550,005	850,347
2021	116,048	536,234	652,282
2022	136,184	531,513	667,697
2023	186,618	525,927	712,545
2024-2028	1,060,237	2,507,033	3,567,270
2029-2033	1,606,917	2,250,979	3,857,896
2034-2038	2,535,574	1,848,146	4,383,720
2039-2043	3,875,294	1,227,311	5,102,605
2044-2046	3,591,443	314,800	3,906,243
Total	\$ 13,615,895	\$ 10,848,476	\$ 24,464,371

Series 2018B Note

The District issued the 2018B Subordinate Limited Tax Revenue Note on December 4, 2018 for an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 with the ability to draw on the Note as needed. Draws are to be issued to the Developer, a related party (see Note 5), for amounts advanced to the District by the Developer for capital projects of District No.1. Interest payments are due annually on December 15 at a rate of 8% computed on the basis of a 360-day year with the principal due at maturity on December 1, 2048. The repayment of the Note will be subordinate to any outstanding senior debt. During 2018, the District drew down \$2,078,512 and incurred \$8,696 of interest.

Each draw is subject to the terms as noted above. Below is a summary of each draw made through December 31, 2018:

	Original	Outstanding	Principal Paid Interest		Date of	Effective
	Amount	Principal	in 2018	Incurred in 2018	Draw	Interest Rate
Initial Draw	\$ 2,078,512	\$ 2,078,512	\$ -	\$ 8,696	December 4, 2018	8.000%
Total	\$ 2,078,512	\$ 2,078,512	\$ -	\$ 8,696		

The following summarizes the debt service requirements to maturity for the 2018B Note:

Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest			Total		
2019	\$	_	\$	166,281		\$	166,281		
2020	Ψ	-	Ψ	166,281		Ψ	166,281		
2021		-		166,281			166,281		
2022		_		166,281			166,281		
2023		_		166,281			166,281		
2024-2028		_		831,405			831,405		
2029-2033		-		831,405			831,405		
2034-2038		-		831,405			831,405		
2039-2043		-		831,405			831,405		
2044-2048		2,078,512		817,548			2,896,060		
Total	\$	2,078,512	\$	4,974,572		\$	7,053,084		

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorization

The District has been authorized to issue debt and the principal amount not to exceed \$140,100,000 as voted on in November 2004. The voted authorization has been limited by the service plan approved by the Town of Frederick. During November 2005, District voters authorized up to \$406,000,000 of debt principal. The service plan limits the total new money revenue and general obligation debt of the District and District No. 1 and District No. 3 to \$36,000,000. At December 31, 2018, the District had remaining authorized but unissued indebtedness of \$382,075,593.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY

All of the members of the board of directors are employees or are associated with Bellock Construction Company, the Construction Manager and accountants for the District, and Frederick Development Company, Inc., the Developer within the District. During 2018, District No. 1, the District, and District No. 3 had the same board of directors.

Construction Management Agreement

A construction management agreement was entered into during 2005 between District No. 1 and Bellock Construction Company. The agreement calls for Bellock Construction Company to provide management services of all activities related to construction projects to be completed within Wyndham Hill Metropolitan Districts No. 1, No. 2 and No. 3. The agreement expires on December 31 of each year, but is automatically extended for a successive annual period so long as sufficient funds have been appropriated, unless contrary action is taken.

Accounting Services Agreement

An accounting services contract was entered into with Bellock Construction Company on March 10, 2005. Under this agreement, accounting services are provided to District No. 1, No. 2 and No. 3 at the hourly annual rates of Bellock Construction Company employees. During 2018, the District incurred \$0 in accounting services fees.

NOTE 6 DISTRICT FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND SERVICE AGREEMENT (SERVICE CONTRACT) AND OTHER AGREEMENTS

In order to implement the Service Plan, the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement with District No. 1 and District No. 3. The agreement shall remain in full force and effect until such time as each of the terms and conditions has been performed in their entirety or until the agreement is terminated by mutual written agreement of the Districts.

District No. 1 is to construct the facilities benefiting the three Districts and transfer them to the Town of Frederick or the HOA as required. The District and District No. 3 will, to the extent that they benefit, pay the capital costs and the service costs of operation and maintenance of such facilities (authorized service costs).

NOTE 6 DISTRICT FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND SERVICE AGREEMENT (SERVICE CONTRACT) AND OTHER AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The District is required to fund, on an annual basis, the amount of actual service costs that it would be capable of funding through property tax revenue plus other fee revenue as determined in the annual budget. If the Districts disagree as to the amount to be paid, then the District must pay District No. 1 the amount set forth in the annual budget. During fiscal year 2017, the Colorado legislature reduced the residential assessment ratio from 7.96% to 7.20% causing the property tax mill rate for general obligation bonds and service costs to increase from 50 mills to 55.275 mills. The assessed ratio remained the same for 2018.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2018. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public official's liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability and public official's liability. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool, may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 2, 2004, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all annual District revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

NOTE 9 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

The following intergovernmental revenue and expenses occurred during fiscal year ended December 31, 2018:

	Wyndham Hill		Wyndham Hill		Wyndham Hill			
	Metropolitan		Metropolitan		Metropolitan			Total
	District No. 1		District No. 2		District No. 3		Revenues	
Wyndham Hill Metropolitan:								
District No. 1	\$	-	\$	5,822,021	\$	1,485	\$	5,823,506
District No. 3		3,764		-		-		3,764
Total Expenditures	\$	3,764	\$	5,822,021	\$	1,485	\$	5,827,270

NOTE 10 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components - Restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use either by externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District had a deficit net position at December 31, 2018 of \$24,155,213. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, which are recorded as an asset with District No. 1.

NOTE 11 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In February 2019, the District issued the 2019A Limited Tax Obligation Note for an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 with the ability to draw on the Note through February 8, 2022. The terms are similary to the 2016A Note and 2016B Note as described in Note 6. On February 8, 2019, the District had an initial draw of \$1,496,639.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WYNDHAM HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 962,908	\$ 962,440	\$ 962,440	\$ -
Specific Ownership Taxes	48,145	73,717	73,717	-
Royalties	-	306	306	-
Net Investment Income	-	6,792	6,792	-
Total Revenues	1,011,053	1,043,255	1,043,255	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Audit	9,500	9,500	9,500	-
Treasurer's Fee	14,444	14,443	14,443	-
Insurance	3,700	3,384	3,384	-
Miscellaneous	10,000	365	365	-
Intergovernmental Payment:				
District No. 1	126,902	5,822,021	5,822,021	-
Debt Service				
Principal	274,488	301,105	301,105	-
Interest	682,429	1,088,971	1,088,971	-
Loan Origination Fees	-	167,049	167,049	-
Non-use Fees	10,468	4,289	4,289	-
Custodial Fees	3,000	4,500	4,500	-
Total Expenditures	1,134,931	7,415,627	7,415,627	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(123,878)	(6,372,372)	(6,372,372)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Proceeds from Debt Instrument	3,000,000	6,208,441	6,208,441	-
Total Other Financing Sources	3,000,000	6,208,441	6,208,441	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,876,122	(163,931)	(163,931)	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	207,366	218,540	218,540	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,083,488	\$ 54,609	\$ 54,609	\$ -